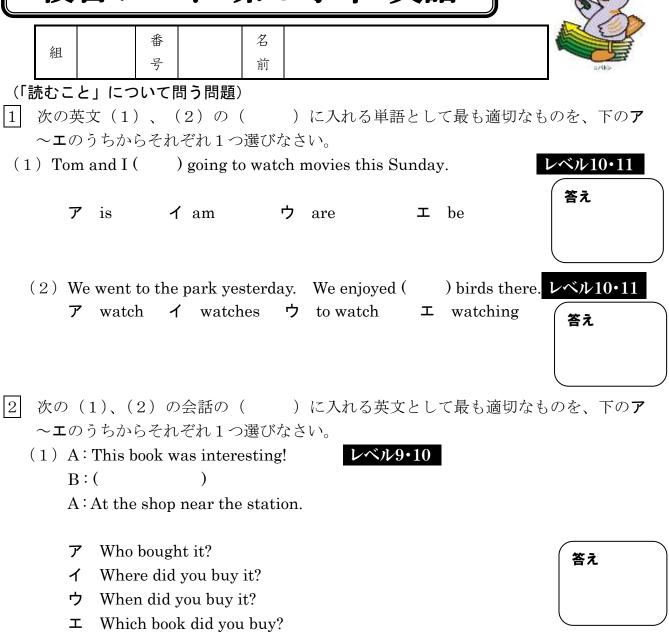
答え

復習シート 第3学年 英語



(2) A: When do you usually study at home? B:()

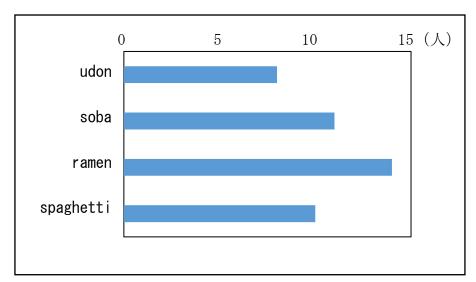
ア With my brother.

1 In my room.

ウ At school.

■ After dinner.

③ 以下はクラスで「人気の食べ物」について聞いたアンケート結果のグラフを表しています。このグラフから読み取れることを正しく表している英文を、下の**ア**~**エ**の中から1つ選びなさい。 レベル10・11



*spaghetti…スパゲッティ

- ア Udon is more popular than ramen.
- ウ Spaghetti is the most popular in this class.
- I Ramen is as popular as spaghetti.

答え

4 以下の文は、江戸時代の家屋と、川越の街並みに関するものです。この文を読み、(1) ~ (3) の質問の答えとして最も適切なものを、 $\mathbf{r} \sim \mathbf{r}$ からそれぞれ1つ選びなさい。

Japanese houses were made of *wood. So, they were not strong against fire. From 1716 to 1735 in the *Edo* period, the **Bakufu* said that people must not build *wooden houses and they must build stronger houses with a lot of *mud against fire. These *storehouses were called **Kurazukuri*. These houses were cool during summer and warm during winter. So, people used such houses for their shops or storehouses.

In *Kawagoe*, there are a lot of such houses even now. Many people come and see these houses on the weekend. They are interested in such buildings and take pictures of them.

Kawagoe looks like *Edo*. But the size of the town is not as big as *Edo*. So, people *call *Kawagoe* "*Ko-edo*", small *Edo*.

[注] wood:木 Bakufu:幕府 wooden:木造の mud:泥

storehouses: 貯蔵庫 Kurazukuri: 蔵造り call: ~を…と呼ぶ

(1) 木造の家は、何に弱かったですか。 レベル8・9

ア火

イ 水

ウ風

答え

(2) 蔵造りの特徴はどんなことですか。 レベル8・9

ア 冬は涼しく、夏は暖かい

イ 夏は涼しく、冬は暖かい

ウ 春は涼しく、冬は暖かい

答え

(3)週末に川越の蔵造りを訪れた人々は何をしますか。レベル8・9

ア 蔵造りの写真を撮る

イ デザートを食べる

ウ 買い物を楽しむ

答え